Ethics Quick Reference Guide

Descriptions of statutes are summaries and do not necessarily include all legal elements nor should this document be viewed as legal advice.

ETHICS BASICS

Topic: Which individuals are covered by the Ethics Law?

Answers: Public Officers (position in Nevada Constitution, Nevada Law, local government charter or ordinance, or listed in NRS 281A.182), Public Employees, and in some cases former public officer or

Legal Citation: NRS 281A.160, NRS 281A.150, NRS 281.180

Topic: State of limitations

Answers: Jurisdiction is limited to acts that occurred within last two years. Some exceptions for

unknown or concealed activity. **Legal Citation:** NRS 281A.280

Topic: Conduct Specifically Outside Jurisdiction

Answers: Allegations of harassment or other activity covered by Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or Nevada Equal Rights Commission or other employment related grievances or activity not

specifically prohibited by NRS 281A

Legal Citation: NRS 281A.280

IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS

Term: Commitment in a private capacity

Definition: Specific relationship such as 1) Spouse/domestic partner 2) Member of household 3) Related by third degree of consanguinity 4) Employer of individual or their spouse/partner/household member 5) Substantial and continuing business interest or 6) "Substantially similar" to any of the above

Legal Citation: NRS 281A.065

Term: Pecuniary Interest

Definition: Any beneficial or detrimental interest in a matter that consists or is measured in money or otherwise related to money including 1) Anything of economic value or 2) Payments or other money

which a person is owed. **Legal Citation:** NRS 281A.139

Term: Unwarranted

Definition: Without justification or reason

Legal Citation: NRS 281A.400

STATUTORY PROHIBITIONS THE COMMISSION CAN ENFORCE

Gifts, services, favor, engagements that "tend improperly to influence a reasonable person to depart from the faithful and impartial discharge of duties. NRS 281A.400(1)

No unwarranted privileges, preferences, exemptions, or advantages using public officer's position. NRS 281A.400(2)

Negotiating a contract for self or others with current agency. NRS 281A.400(3)

Salary, retainer, augmentation, expense allowance, or compensation from private source for performance of public duties. NRS 281A.400(4)

Use of non-public information for benefit of self or others. NRS 281A.400(5)

Suppression of government report to benefit self or others. NRS 281A.400(6)

Use of government time, property, equipment, or other facility to benefit a significant personal or pecuniary interest (Limited use exceptions). NRS 281A.400(7)

Legislator-only version of use of government time. NRS 281A.400(8)

Benefit to self or other using influence over a subordinate. NRS 281A.400(9)

Seeking/obtaining other employment or contracts using official position. NRS 281A.400(10)

Voting to benefit someone/entity without proper disclosure or abstention. NRS 281A.420

Failure to file a timely acknowledgment of statutory ethical standards form. NRS 281A.500

Receiving an honorarium (money for speaking, appearing) - limited exceptions. NRS 281A.510

Benefit to a ballot question or candidate using a governmental entity. NRS 281A.520

Compensation for lobbying, consulting, or representation on issue before current or former public agency. NRS 281A.410

New employment or soliciting new employment using current position. NRS 281A.550

BASIC COMPLAINT PROCESS

- 1. A complaint is submitted to the Commission
- 2. The makes a jurisdictional determination
- 3. If there is jurisdiction, the case moves to a determination by a Review Panel
- 4. If the Review Panel refers to the Commission, the Commission hold an adjudicatory hearing

The complaint process is confidential until after a Review Panel has made a determination.